

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/716,916 | 11/18/2003 | Greg Christopher JR. | 07844-602001-P555 | 6410 |
| 21876 FISH & RICH | 7590 06/04/2007 ARDSON P.C. | | EXAMINER | |
| P.O. Box 1022 | | | CHEN, QING | |
| MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2191 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | · | 06/04/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| ÷ | 10/716,916 | CHRISTOPHER, GREG | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| • | Qing Chen | 2191 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap | pears on the cover sheet with t | he correspondence address | | | |
| Period for Reply | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABAND | FION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. FONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 / | May 2007. | | | | |
| 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This | s action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11 | I, 453 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-12 and 14-24</u> is/are pending in | the application. | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-12 and 14-24</u> is/are rejected. | • | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | or election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | • | | | | |
| 9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine | er. | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | drawing(s) be held in abeyance. | See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct | | | | | |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | xaminer. Note the attached Of | ffice Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr a) All b) Some * c) None of: | n priority under 35 U.S.C§ 11 | 9(a)-(d) or (f). | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the price | | | | | |
| application from the International Burea | u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | t of the certified copies not rec | eived. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | • | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | | mary (PTO-413) ail Date | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) Notice of Inform | | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 6) | | | | |

Art Unit: 2191

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This Office action is in response to the RCE filed on May 7, 2007.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5-12, and 14-24 are pending.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5-12, 17-19, 23, and 24 have been amended.
- 4. Claims 4 and 13 have been cancelled.
- 5. The objection to Claim 18 is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claim.
- 6. The 35 U.S.C. § 101 rejections of Claims 10-12 are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claims.

Response to Amendment

Specification

7. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: "machine-readable medium" in Claim 10 should read -- machine-readable storage device --.

Claim Objections

- 8. Claims 2, 3, and 5-9 are objected to because of the following informalities:
 - Claims 2, 3, and 5-9 recite the statutory category of invention "The method."

 Applicant is advised to change this statutory category of invention to read "The machine-implemented method" for the purpose of providing it with proper explicit antecedent basis.

Art Unit: 2191

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

9. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

10. Claims 3, 7, and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3 recites the limitation "about one day." The term "about" is a relative term, which renders the claim indefinite. The term "about" is not defined by the claim nor does the specification provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be able to reasonably determine the scope of the invention. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently does not give any patentable weight to this limitation for the purpose of further examination.

Claim 7 recites the limitation "the data." There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading "the installation data" for the purpose of further examination.

Claims 7, 14, and 16 recite the limitation "the expectations of resource changes." There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading "expectations of

Claim 15 recites the limitation "the software product." There is insufficient antecedent, basis for this limitation in the claim. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading "the software product development" for the purpose of further examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

11. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

resource changes" for the purpose of further examination.

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

12. Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 24 contains "means-plus-function" limitations and appears to be a system.

However, it is noted that the specification does not disclose any specific corresponding structure or equivalents thereof. The recited means appear to lack the necessary physical components (hardware) to constitute a machine or manufacture under § 101. Furthermore, the originally-filed specification discloses that the invention and all of the functional operations can be

Art Unit: 2191

implemented—among other computer elements—in firmware or software (see Page 13, Paragraph [0045]). Therefore, these claim limitations can be reasonably interpreted as computer program modules—software per se. The claim is directed to functional descriptive material per se, and hence non-statutory.

The claims constitute computer programs representing computer listings *per se*. Such descriptions or expressions of the programs are not physical "things." They are neither computer components nor statutory processes, as they are not "acts" being performed. Such claimed computer programs do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and other claimed elements of a computer, which permit the computer program's functionality to be realized. In contrast, a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a computer program is a computer element, which defines structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and the rest of the computer, that permits the computer program's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory. See *Lowry*, 32 F.3d at 1583-84, 32 USPQ2d at 1035.

Page 6

Application/Control Number: 10/716,916

Art Unit: 2191

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 14. Claims 1-3, 5-12, 14-18, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kruger et al. (US 6,738,970) in view of <u>Breggin et al.</u> (US 6,560,776).

As per Claim 1, Kruger et al. disclose:

- generating a comparison of a current software installation, to a target computer, with a previous software installation, to the same target computer, in a series of two or more software installations during a software product development (see Column 7: 51-62, "Difference calculator 234 compares the tree stored in before tree storage 230 with the tree stored in after tree storage 232 to determine which changes have taken place to the master computer.");
- creating installation data for a resource, based at least in part on the comparison, the resource including attributes including a dynamic attribute and a static attribute, the dynamic attribute being an attribute that should have changed between the previous software installation and the current software installation, the static attribute being an attribute that should remain unchanged between the previous software installation the current software installation (see Column 5: 58-67, "The nodes corresponding to the files themselves are built as nodes, though not leaf nodes, by ini file state retriever 222. Although the nodes corresponding to files do

Art Unit: 2191

contain the same information (name, file size, etc.) as the ordinary files described above, ini file state retriever 222 builds child nodes descending from the file nodes."; Column 6: 51-58, "Registry file state retriever 225 reads the operating system registry file, such as the windows registry file in Microsoft Windows 95, and builds a subtree corresponding to the hierarchy of the registry file."); and

- identifying from the installation data the dynamic attribute that was not changed in the current software installation (see Column 8: 34-40, "When difference calculator 234 compares a terminal node, the properties of the node are also compared, and if the properties of each corresponding node are the same, difference calculator 234 marks the terminal node in the tree it creates as the "same". This means the state represented by the terminal node did not change when the new software was installed.").

However, Kruger et al. do not disclose:

- presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified dynamic attribute to facilitate verification of an installer for the software product development.

Breggin et al. disclose:

- presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified dynamic attribute to facilitate verification of an installer for the software product development (see Figure 5; Column 10: 3-16, "Referring to FIG. 5, the display provides, for each exception, the file name("FILE"), the file location ("LOCATION"), the file size("SIZE"), the last modification date ("DATE"), the file version("VERSION"), and the registration status ("REG").").

Art Unit: 2191

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> to include presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified dynamic attribute to facilitate verification of an installer for the software product development. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide a user with useful diagnostic information.

As per Claim 2, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; and Kruger et al. further disclose:

- identifying from the installation data the static attribute that was changed in the current software installation (see Column 8: 49-56, "If the properties in the table corresponding to a terminal node of the before table are different from the corresponding table entry of the after node but have the same filename (for file terminal nodes) or same parent key (for value nodes), difference calculator marks the node as changed.").

However, Kruger et al. do not disclose:

 presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified static attribute to facilitate verification of the installer for the software product development.

Breggin et al. disclose:

- presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified static attribute to facilitate verification of the installer for the software product development (see Figure 5; Column 10: 3-16, "Referring to FIG. 5, the display provides, for

Art Unit: 2191

each exception, the file name("FILE"), the file location ("LOCATION"), the file size("SIZE"), the last modification date ("DATE"), the file version("VERSION"), and the registration status ("REG").").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> to include presenting potential problems with the current software installation based on the identified static attribute to facilitate verification of the installer for the software product development. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide a user with useful diagnostic information.

As per Claim 3, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; however, Kruger et al. do not disclose:

- wherein the previous software installation is performed about one day prior to the current software installation.

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known within the computing art to perform software installation on a daily basis. Applicant has submitted in the originally-file specification that the resources needed to correctly install a software application can change regularly, often on a daily basis (see Page 1, Paragraph [0002]). As a result, daily installation is performed to ensure that the software application is kept up-to-date with the most recent resource changes. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the previous software installation is performed about one day prior to the current software installation. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary

Art Unit: 2191

skill in the art would be motivated to ensure that a software application is kept up-to-date with the most recent resource changes.

As per Claim 5, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; however, Kruger et al. do not disclose:

- tracking expectations for the resource in a primary installation baseline and a secondary installation baseline, and wherein presenting the potential problems comprises presenting a baseline-update interface by transmitting markup language data.

Breggin et al. disclose:

- tracking expectations for the resource in a primary installation baseline and a secondary installation baseline, and wherein presenting the potential problems comprises presenting a baseline-update interface by transmitting markup language data (see Column 10: 40-42, "In Web-based applications, the installed database or file can be incorporated into one or more web pages." and 49-67 through Column 11: 1-5, "In this process, a baseline file, which is simply a 'snapshot' of the exceptions on the target computer at a given time, is generated manually or automatically. The baseline file can be used to 'mask' or remove previous exceptions from the installed file or database." and "This feature permits a user to track which files have changed and how they have changed in a manner that permits subsequent (or cascading) changes to be installed." and "... after the user has selected the baselining option ... the processor in box 240 opens and reads the baseline file(s). In box 244, the processor iteratively compares the contents of the baseline file(s) with the list of exceptions and other pertinent information in the installed database of file(s).").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> to include tracking expectations for the resource in a primary installation baseline and a secondary installation baseline, and wherein presenting the potential problems comprises presenting a baseline-update interface by transmitting markup language data. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to permit a user to track which files have changed and how they have changed in a manner that permits subsequent (or cascading) changes to be identified (see <u>Breggin et al.</u> – Column 10: 61-64).

As per Claim 6, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; however, Kruger et al. do not disclose:

- excluding a set of resources from the generated comparison for the software product development.

Breggin et al. disclose:

- excluding a set of resources from the generated comparison for the software product development (see Column 3: 14-15, "The exceptions can be filtered to exclude known exceptions from analysis."; Column 10: 59-61, "Using the base lining process, these exceptions can be excluded from further displays of exception data."; Column 11: 5-8, "Any matching items are removed from the list of exceptions to be displayed graphically to the user.").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> to include excluding a set of resources from the generated comparison for the software product

Art Unit: 2191

development. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would

be motivated to permit a user to track which files have changed and how they have changed in a

manner that permits subsequent (or cascading) changes to be identified (see <u>Breggin et al.</u> -

Column 10: 61-64).

As per Claim 7, the rejection of Claim 5 is incorporated; however, Kruger et al. do not

disclose:

- wherein expectations of resource changes, including the installation data, are stored in

a relational database indexed by date, platform, language, and product configuration.

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known within the computing art to index

data in a relational database using various attributes. Data in a database is often indexed by

various attributes pertaining to the particular application of the data. For example, software

installation data is often indexed in a database by platform (operating system), supported

languages, and product configuration information. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one

of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein expectations of

resource changes, including the installation data, are stored in a relational database indexed by

date, platform, language, and product configuration. The modification would be obvious because

one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to store and access additional useful data in

the database pertaining to the software installation.

As per Claim 8, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; and Kruger et al. further

disclose:

Art Unit: 2191

- wherein the attributes comprising modification date stamp information, file size information, security permissions information, and checksum information (see Column 5: 25-29, "... such information is referred to as the node's properties and contains some or all of the file details ... These details may include the filename, last modification date, size, access permissions such as read only, and security information describing who is allowed access to the file and the type of access allowed.").

As per Claim 9, the rejection of Claim 1 is incorporated; and Kruger et al. further disclose:

- wherein the resource comprises a file and a system registry, and the installation data comprises deletions, additions, and modifications of the resource (see Column 5: 58-67, "The nodes corresponding to the files themselves are built as nodes, though not leaf nodes, by ini file state retriever 222. Although the nodes corresponding to files do contain the same information (name, file size, etc.) as the ordinary files described above, ini file state retriever 222 builds child nodes descending from the file nodes."; Column 6: 51-58, "Registry file state retriever 225 reads the operating system registry file, such as the windows registry file in Microsoft Windows 95, and builds a subtree corresponding to the hierarchy of the registry file."; Column 8: 49-67 through Column 9: 1-4, "If the properties in the table corresponding to a terminal node of the before table are different from the corresponding table entry of the after node but have the same filename (for file terminal nodes) or same parent key (for value nodes), difference calculator marks the node as changed." and "... difference calculator 234 adds a node in the tree it builds,

Art Unit: 2191

marks that node as "deleted" ... " and "... difference calculator 234 adds the node into the tree it builds using the same lineage as the after tree, marks the node as "added" ... ").

Claim 10 is a software product claim corresponding to the machine-implemented method claim above (Claim 1) and, therefore, is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 1.

As per Claim 11, the rejection of Claim 10 is incorporated; and Kruger et al. further disclose:

- receiving input specifying which of the identified dynamic attribute and static attribute should be static in their installation data for future software installation (see Column 5: 58-67, "The nodes corresponding to the files themselves are built as nodes, though not leaf nodes, by ini file state retriever 222. Although the nodes corresponding to files do contain the same information (name, file size, etc.) as the ordinary files described above, ini file state retriever 222 builds child nodes descending from the file nodes."); and
- designating a new expectation of stability for the specified attribute according to the received input (see Column 8: 34-40, "When difference calculator 234 compares a terminal node, the properties of the node are also compared, and if the properties of each corresponding node are the same, difference calculator 234 marks the terminal node in the tree it creates as the "same". This means the state represented by the terminal node did not change when the new software was installed.").

Art Unit: 2191

Claim 12 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 2.

Claim 14 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 5.

Claim 15 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 6.

Claim 16 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 7.

Claim 17 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 8.

Claim 18 is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 9.

Claim 24 is a system claim corresponding to the machine-implemented method claim above (Claim 1) and, therefore, is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 1.

15. Claims 19, 20, 22, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Breggin et al. (US 6,560,776) in view of Kruger et al. (US 6,738,970).

As per Claim 19, Breggin et al. disclose:

- a build controller (see Figure 6: 4; Column 4: 1-6, "... the build computer.");
- an install controller comprising a database including a baseline recording expectations (see Figure 1: 200; Column 7: 47-49, "... the processor places the information into the installation database or file."; Column 10: 50-52, "The baseline file can be used to 'mask' or remove previous exceptions from the installed file or database."); and
- wherein the build controller automatically triggers the install controller to initiate installer tests as part of a software build process, and collects test results to be presented in a

report comprising a baseline-update interface (see Figure 3B: 236; Figure 5; Column 4: 16-21, "... the (build) computer first reads in ... the installation program or script ... and creates a list of program files, data files, and/or registry entry changes ... and writes certain of this information to the installation database."; Column 9: 55-58, "In box 236, all of the information obtained in the comparing steps 228 and 231, including exceptions and collected information about the target computer, is graphically displayed in any desirable format."; Column 10: 17-28, "As illustrated in by FIG. 5, exceptions can be displayed selectively at differing levels depending, for example, on the field to which the exception pertains.").

However, Breggin et al. do not disclose:

- a dynamic attribute and a static attribute for one or more resources associated with a software installer, the dynamic attribute being an attribute that should have changed between a previous software installation and a current software installation, the static attribute being an attribute that should remain unchanged between the previous software installation and the current software installation;
 - one or more install slave machines; and
- the install controller automatically dispatches installation to the one or more install slave machines.

Kruger et al. disclose:

- a dynamic attribute and a static attribute for one or more resources associated with a software installer, the dynamic attribute being an attribute that should have changed between a previous software installation and a current software installation, the static attribute being an attribute that should remain unchanged between the previous software installation and the current

Art Unit: 2191

software installation (see Column 5: 58-67, "The nodes corresponding to the files themselves are built as nodes, though not leaf nodes, by ini file state retriever 222. Although the nodes corresponding to files do contain the same information (name, file size, etc.) as the ordinary files described above, ini file state retriever 222 builds child nodes descending from the file nodes."; Column 6: 51-58, "Registry file state retriever 225 reads the operating system registry file, such as the windows registry file in Microsoft Windows 95, and builds a subtree corresponding to the hierarchy of the registry file.");

- one or more install slave machines (see Column 4: 1-5, "The master computer is any computer on which the computer software can be properly installed, and for which such installation will be used as a model for installation of the software on other computer systems."); and
- the install controller automatically dispatches installation to the one or more install slave machines (see Column 4: 19-27, "The systems sends the instructions, files, and program to other computer systems using conventional management software ... When the program sent is operated, it can install the computer software in a manner consistent with the manner the computer software was installed on the master computer system.").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> to include a dynamic attribute and a static attribute for one or more resources associated with a software installer, the dynamic attribute being an attribute that should have changed between a previous software installation and a current software installation, the static attribute being an attribute that should remain unchanged between the previous software installation and the current

software installation; one or more install slave machines; and the install controller automatically dispatches installation to the one or more install slave machines. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide redundant data backup or testing platforms for diagnosing and monitoring software installation/performance.

As per Claim 20, the rejection of Claim 19 is incorporated; however, <u>Breggin et al.</u> do not disclose:

- wherein the one or more install slave machines comprise multiple computers.

Kruger et al. disclose:

- wherein the one or more install slave machines comprise multiple computers (see Column 4: 1-5, "The master computer is any computer on which the computer software can be properly installed, and for which such installation will be used as a model for installation of the software on other computer systems.").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of <u>Kruger et al.</u> into the teaching of <u>Breggin et al.</u> to include wherein the one or more install slave machines comprise multiple computers. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to properly install software programs in computer systems.

As per Claim 22, the rejection of Claim 19 is incorporated; and <u>Breggin et al.</u> further disclose:

Art Unit: 2191

- wherein the baseline-update interface comprises a web-based user interface (see Column 10: 40-42, "In Web-based application, the installed database or file can be incorporated into one or more web pages.").

However, <u>Breggin et al.</u> do not disclose:

- allowing baseline updates across SKU, language, operating system, and custom/non-custom installs, in combination or all at once.

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known within the computing art to allow baseline updates across SKU, language, operating system, and custom/non-custom installs, in combination or all at once. A Web-based database management system typically allows a user to update various fields within a database. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include allowing baseline updates across SKU, language, operating system, and custom/non-custom installs, in combination or all at once. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow a user to selectively update data.

As per Claim 23, the rejection of Claim 19 is incorporated; and <u>Breggin et al.</u> further disclose:

- wherein the attributes comprising modification date stamp information and file size information (see Column 8: 24-29, "The database lists ... file size ('SIZE') ... last modification date of the file ('DATE') ...").

However, <u>Breggin et al.</u> do not disclose:

Art Unit: 2191

- wherein the attributes comprising security permissions information and checksum information.

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known within the computing art to define data in a database using various attributes. Data in a database often contains various attributes pertaining to the particular application of the data. For example, software installation data in a database often contains file permission information and file checksum information. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the attributes comprising security permissions information and checksum information. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide additional useful data pertaining to the software installation to a user.

16. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Breggin et al.</u> (US 6,560,776) in view of <u>Kruger et al.</u> (US 6,738,970) as applied to Claim 19 above, and further in view of <u>Suorsa et al.</u> (US 2002/0156831).

As per Claim 21, the rejection of Claim 19 is incorporated; however, <u>Breggin et al.</u> and <u>Kruger et al.</u> do not disclose:

- wherein the install controller communicates with the one or more install slave machines using Simple Object Access Protocol.

Suorsa et al. disclose:

- wherein the install controller communicates with the one or more install slave machines using Simple Object Access Protocol (see Paragraph [0052], "... messages that are

Art Unit: 2191

exchanged between the gateway and the agents can be in the form of remote procedure calls that conform to the XML-RPC protocol, or the Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP).").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Suorsa et al. into the teaching of Breggin et al. to include wherein the install controller communicates with the one or more install slave machines using Simple Object Access Protocol. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide a way to communicate between applications running on different operating systems with different technologies and programming languages.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to Claim 1 have been considered, but are moot in 17. view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In the remarks, Applicant argues that:

Further, amended claim 1 recites "presenting potential problems with the current software a) installation based on the identified dynamic attribute." In contrast, not only does Breggin not identify dynamic attributes, as discussed above, Breggin also does not provide any alert or warning to the user based on the identified dynamic attributes in the installation data. This is because attributes that match or remain the same are not flagged as errors or warning in Breggin.

Examiner's response:

Art Unit: 2191

a) In response to Applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of Applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which Applicant relies (*i.e.*, provide any alert or warning to the user based on the identified dynamic attributes in the installation data) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Note that Applicant did not traverse the Examiner's assertion of Official Notice with regard to Claims 7 and 16. Therefore, the "old and well known within the computing art" statement is taken to be admitted prior art because Applicant has failed to traverse the Examiner's assertion of Official Notice (see MPEP § 2144.03).

Conclusion

18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Qing Chen whose telephone number is 571-270-1071. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM. The Examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Wei Zhen, can be reached on 571-272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Application/Control Number: 10/716,916 Page 23

Art Unit: 2191

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

QC / **AC** May 23, 2007 WEI ZHEN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER